Lesson six: Global Trade End of Unit Quiz
Answers

Use the Every Country’s Highest Export World Map to help answer the following questions.

1) Define ‘trade’. When is trade described as ‘global’?

*Trade is the buying and selling of goods and services we want and need.*

*Trade is described as global when goods and services are exchanged internationally (from one country to another).*

2) Label the arrows with ‘import’ and export’.

3) List two key things that allowed trade to become global.

- *Improvements in transportation to move goods long distances.*
- *Better communication (internet, telephone) to communicate with people in other parts of the world.*

4) Why do we import some foods into the UK such as pineapples?

*We cannot grow pineapples in the UK because they need a tropical climate.*
5) Are the European countries Germany, Italy, Switzerland and the UK more or less developed countries?

*More developed countries.*

(1)

6) Greenland’s highest-value export is fish. Give one physical feature of Greenland that determines the country’s highest-value export.

*Greenland is an island/coastal country (location). There are high volumes of fish in the ocean around Greenland (natural resources).*

(1)

7) Give a benefit to buying fairtrade.

- *Fairtrade helps protect the environment.*
- *Fairtrade supports communities develop and improve their lives.*
- *Fairtrade pays workers a fair wage for their work and goods they produce.*

(1)

8) Name two goods that the UK exports to other countries.

*Any from: medicines, petrol, wars, oils, aircrafts, spacecrafts, communication technology, chemicals, scientific instruments, alcoholic beverages.*

(2)

Total marks: /12