The Caatinga

- The Caatinga is a semi-arid scrub forest (similar to a desert environment) situated in the North-east of Brazil.
- It is extremely rich in natural resources.
- It is populated by thorny shrubs and stunted trees.
- There are few species of animals; although it is home to the three banded armadillo.

![Caatinga](https://media.flickr.com/640/21371128875_57b5a758b0_b.){:width=300px} ![Thorny twig](https://media.flickr.com/640/21613274944_a6b66d1d5c_b.){:width=300px}

The Cerrado

- Covers 20% of Brazil.
- The largest tropical savannah region in South America.
- Home to over 10,000 species of plants.
- Home to the endangered jaguar.
- Grassland, shrubbery and trees.

![Cerrado](https://media.flickr.com/640/13207588958_157a1815d6_b.){:width=300px} ![Onca Pintada](https://media.flickr.com/640/12954658596_8e539fbeb6_b.){:width=300px}
The Pantanal

- The world’s largest wetland (20x the size of The Everglades in Florida).
- The Pantanal is located in Brazil, Bolivia and Paraguay.
- Home to a huge number of plant and animal species.
- 80% of the land is submerged in the wet season, so there is a huge amount of aquatic life.

The Mata Atlantica

- Also known as the Atlantic Forest.
- Large area of forest that runs along the Atlantic coastline of Brazil.
- Home to over 2000 species of plants, birds, mammals, reptiles.
- Home to the rare golden lion tamarind monkey.
The Pampas

- Flat, fertile grasslands that are in areas of lowlands found in the south of Brazil.
- Used to graze animals.

Tropical rainforest (Amazon rainforest)

- A huge region that spans Brazil, Bolivia, Peru, Ecuador, Colombia, Venezuela, Guyana, Suriname and French Guiana.
- Home to one in ten known species on earth.
- Area of dense forest and the Amazon River.