<table>
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| **AQA**                   | • Advantages and disadvantages for source and destination countries (focus on Filipino and Polish migrants)  
• Discussion on how the current global economic crisis might affect global migration.  
• Economic gain or economic drain debate – national level  
• Research into economic advantages and disadvantages |
| **Edexcel**                | • Advantages and disadvantages for source and destination countries (focus on Filipino and Polish migrants)  
• Nature of migrants explored through Filipino and Polish examples  
• Nature of migrants explored though identification of global migration pattern  
• Economic, social, socio-economic and political issues surrounding migration  
• Exploring the nature of economic migration |
| **WJEC**                  | • Immigration and emigration patterns  
• Advantages and disadvantages for source and destination countries (focus on Filipino and Polish migrants)  
• Characteristics of migration explored through Filipino and Polish examples  
• Exploring economic migration  
• Identifying economic and social impacts through current issues surrounding migration in the UK  
• Exchange of opinions about economic migration in the UK |
| **OCR**                   | • Reasons behind migration to the UK through Filipino and Polish examples  
• Identifying patterns of global immigration and emigration  
• Discussing how the current global economic crisis might affect global migration  
• Economic, social and political factors that surround immigration in the UK today  
• Migration as an economic drain – increasing population and putting more pressure on public services, housing and the environment |

Exploring the nature of the unprecedented numbers of voluntary/economic migrants

Characteristics of different types of migration.

Population is dynamic and changes in response to a number of demographic, social, economic and political factors. The factors vary from place to place.

The study of how populations grow over time to illustrate the roles of natural increase and net migration