

PETRA

SHEET 2

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 - Accessed via a narrow canyon called Al Siq, it contains tombs and temples carved into pink sandstone cliffs, earning its nickname as the “Rose City”.
 - It was once the capital of the Nabatean Kingdom.
 - The Nabateans were an industrious Arab people who settled here more than 2000 years ago.
 - The Nabateans turned Petra into an important junction for the silk, spice and other trade routes that linked China, India and southern Arabia with Egypt, Syria, Greece and Rome.
 - Perhaps its most famous structure is 45m-high Al Khazneh, a temple with an ornate, Greek-style facade, and known as The Treasury.
 - Number of visitors per year: 596,602
 - UNESCO World Heritage Site inscription: 1985
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